

NAME:-

CLASS:-  $2^{nd}$  ( )

" I heard the bells on Christmas day

Their old familiar carols play

And wild and sweet

The words repeat

Of peace on earth, Good will to men"

# **HAPPY NEW YEAR 2019**

With this note we wish our students great vacations our only request to parents is to enjoy the winter but its too cold also, so do take care of our tiny to tots.



Winter holidays begin from 1<sup>st</sup> Jan, 2019. School will reopens on 16th Jan 2019



Class: 2<sup>nd</sup>

Subject: English

### Homophones

I. Homophones are words that sound the same even though their meanings and spellings are different.

For example: Two – too, Sail – sale

Write a homophone for the given words.

1. Stair	7. No
2. Night	8. Site
3. Read	9. Write
4. Pane	10. Maid
5. Hare	11. There
6. Ate	12. Tail

Make sentences with the following pairs of homophones.

1. Sun:

Son:

2. Year:\_\_\_\_\_

Ear:

\_\_\_\_

II. Fill in the blanks using the correct word from the bracket.

The mother told her \_\_\_\_\_\_ not to play in the \_\_\_\_\_\_. (sun, son)
The teacher asked the children to \_\_\_\_\_\_ the answers on the \_\_\_\_\_\_ hand side. (write, right)
In the fairy \_\_\_\_\_\_, the dog had a curly \_\_\_\_\_\_. (tail, tale)
There are \_\_\_\_\_\_ little birds sitting on a tree. They are \_\_\_\_\_\_ young \_\_\_\_\_\_ fly. (two, too, to)
I \_\_\_\_\_\_ my mother would buy me a

\_\_\_\_\_ dress. (knew, new)



Class: 2<sup>nd</sup>

Subject: English

### All About Elephant

The elephant is a strong animal. It has two long white teeth. They are called tusks. Th elephant also has a very long nose which is called a trunk. It has huge, fan-like ears. There help them hear sounds from very far and also to drive away flies! The mother elephant has one baby every four years. The

baby weighs almost 100kg. That is big baby! An hour after its birth, the baby elephant can walk. The father elephant gathers grass or breaks a few branches for the baby to eat. The baby elephant remains close to the mother. When the babies are 11



year old, the father elephant leaves the herd. Elephants love to eat grass, leaves, bamboo shoots, bark and roots. They also like sugarcane and banana. Elephant live in families, sometimes as big as twenty members. They also communicate with each other and take care of each other. Elephants are hunted for their tusks. These gentle giants need protection. In many countries, there are special laws to protect them.

A. Name the parts of an elephant.







B. Read the passage. Tick  $(\checkmark)$  True or False.

C. The elephant can hear sounds from far away.

a)	True		b) False	
1.	The mother	elephant ha	s one baby i	n a year.
a)	True		b) False	
2.	The baby ele	ephants live	mostly with	n their mothers.
a)	True		b) False	
3.	The baby ele	ephants beg	in to walk a	n hour after they are born.
a)	True		b) False	



Class: 2<sup>nd</sup>

Subject: English

Write six sentences to describe this picture.





Class: 2<sup>nd</sup>

Subject: English

Practice

Observe the use of the following.

in, on, under, behind, between







in

on

behind



between

under

Draw a cat.



Read the sentences and draw the pictures.

- 1. A drum is on the chair.
- 2. A cat is under the table.
- 3. A spoon is in the dish.
- 4. A boy is between the two trees.
- 5. The sun is in the sky.
- 6. The fish is in the pond.

3.



5.

1.

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कार्य पत्रिका – 1 कक्षाः दूसरी विषयः हिन्दी अंकों में लिखोः– 1. आठ तेरह ..... ग्यारह..... पाँच ..... चार ..... बीस ..... नौ ..... पंद्रह ..... अपनी माँ के बारे में पाँच वाक्य लिखो। उनका एक चित्र मी चिपकाओः-2. • मेरी माँ का नाम ------ है। • मेरी माँ पहनती हैं। • मेरी माँ --साल की हैं। • मेरी माँ को -- खाना अच्छा लगता है। मेरी माँ बहुत<sup>−</sup> है।

...

### कार्य पत्रिका – 2

बड़ा

रात

सरल

सर्दी

सूखा

सूर्य

वृक्ष

माता

गृह

सिंह

कक्षाः दूसरी

उलटे अर्थ वाले शब्द मिलाओः-1.



· ....

छोटा गीला दिन कठिन

माँ

घर

गर्मी



2. समान अर्थ वाले शब्द मिलाओः-

> शेर पेड़ सूरज





विलोम शब्द के जोड़ों में से जो गलत है उस पर घेरा लगाओः--3.

हँसना	≠ सोना / रोना	लंबा	≠ ऊँचा / छोट	т
ऊपर	≠ नीचे / पीछे	गर्म	≠ ठंडा / मीठा	
अच्छा	≠ पूरा / बुरा	नया	≠ साफ ⁄ पुरान	Π

विषयः हिन्दी

#### लाल काले पीला नीले हरी

कार्य पत्रिका – 4

कक्षाः दूसरी

विषयः हिन्दी

चित्रों के बारे में बताने वाले दो--दो शब्द बॉक्स से छाँटकर पहले बोलो फिर लिखो–

	1	1			
Contract of		$\sim$		<u> </u>	1
			······	हरा	
wheth				ਸੀਰੀ	
the				मीठा	
0				नई	
				पीला	
L				नीली	
		M. W		अच्छी	
				रंग–बिरंगी	
EE.				ऊँचा	
V				लंबी	
				सुंदर	

लाल रंग की दो वस्तुओं के चित्र बनाओ और रंग भरो:--







Class: 2<sup>nd</sup>

Subject: Math

## Data Handling

Ritika made a poster. She used it to arrange some shapes on it.



- 1. Colour the shapes.
- 2. Complete the following table.

Shape	Number of shapes
$\square$	
$\bigcirc$	

3. Fill in the blanks:



- $\square \bigcirc \square \land$
- 4. Arrange the shapes used on the poster in descending order.

Shape	Number



Class: 2<sup>nd</sup>

Subject: Math

Q1. Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the container having more capacity:











呂	
La)	

Q2. Circle the correct answer:





Q3. How many can you fill? Tick mark:



Q4. Convert into milliliter:





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Worksheet -3

Class: 2<sup>nd</sup>

Subject: Math

- A. Tick  $[\checkmark]$  the correct option.
  - 1. The Sun rises in the morning / evening.
  - 2. There are 12/24 hours in a day.
  - 3. The time after mid day is called evening / afternoon.
  - 4. There are 60 / 3600 seconds in one minute.
- B. Answer the following:
  - 1. How many days are there in a week?
  - 2. What is a leap year?
  - 3. How do we know the time?
- C. Unscramble the letters to make names of the months in a year.

1. CAMRH
(This month comes before April)
2. YRAJNUA
(First month of the year)
3. YEFRBURA
(This month has minimum number of day) 4. RDBMCEEE
(Christmas is celebrated in this month)
5. RBOOCTE
(Gandhiji's birthday is celebrated in this month)
Fill in the blanks.
1. Monday comes between and
2. Wednesday is followed by
3. Friday comes before
4. Thursday comes after

D.

E. Show the given timings on the clocks by draying both minute and hour hands.



F. Draw a clock. Write numbers on its dial. Show the time on which you get up in the morning everyday.

Worksheet - 4

Class: 2<sup>nd</sup>

Subject: Math

- Q1. Alia and her friends went to a shop to buy fruits.
  - 1. Colour the fruits.





2. Complete the following table:

Fruit	Š	J		0	Cont
Number					

- 3. Which fruit is available the most? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Which fruit is available the least?
- Q2. With the help of your scale measure the length of the following objects.
  - a) Crayon \_\_\_\_\_cm b) Sharpner \_\_\_\_\_cm
  - c) Pencil \_\_\_\_\_ cm d) School diary \_\_\_\_\_ cm
- Q3. Write the unit of length (m or cm) that is used to measure these objects:
  - a) Length of a blackboard.
  - b) Length of teacher's table \_\_\_\_\_
  - c) Length of a chalk \_\_\_\_\_

d)	Length of your noteboo	ok		
e)	Length of your skippin	g rope		
f)	Length of your lunch b	00X		
g)	Length of your school	bus		
h)	Length of your shoes _			
Q4.	Write in centimeters:			
	4 m =cm	7 m =	cm	8m =
	cm			
	3 m =cm	1 m =	cm	2 m =
	cm			
Q5.	Write in metre 100	cm =	$_m 400 \text{ cm} = _$	m
	700 cm =m			
	300 cm =m	500 cm =	m	600 cm =
	m			



Class	$:2^{nd}$	Subject: EVS
-	Fill in the blanks. The upper part of the mounta	ins are covered with
2.	A big channel of flowing wat	er is called
3.	Sandy lands are called	·
4.	A map is draw on a piece of	·
5.	Use to	locate places in our neighbourhood.
	(Paper, Snow, Deserts, Direc	tions, Rivers)
Q2.	Unscramble the words.	
1.	DRCI	N
2.	ES	
3.	NVRH.	
4.	ATM	
5.	SRN	
6.	SCTR.	
Q3.	Match the following?	
	Flat Ground Silk We	orm
	High Land	Cotton Plant
	Sandy Land	Compressed Natural Gas
	Cotton	Plain
	CNG	Deserts

Silk

Hills

Q4. Circle the odd in each group.

1. Car	Bus	Scooter	Bicycle
2. Mules	Ponies	Camel	Bus
3. Nylon	Rayon	Jute	Terylene
4. Weaver	Washerman	Tailor	Silk worm



Class	s: $2^{nd}$		Subject: EVS		
A. 1.	Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct options. We get wool from				
a)	) A plant	b) Sheep	c) Silk worm		
2.	. Cotton clothes keep us				
a)	) Warm	b) Dry	c) Cool		
3.	. Who stitches clothes?				
a)	) Draper	b) Dyer	c) Tailor		
4.	. Sweaters are worn in				
a)	) Summers	b) Winters	c) Monsoons		
B.	Write 'True' or 'False'.				
1.	We use raincoat to keep our bodies dry.				
2.	Silk cloth is very hard.				
3.	Thread is woven into cloth.				
4.	Children wear uniforms at school.				
5.	All clothes are not made of fibres.				
C.	Draw any two dresses.				

Worn in Summers		Worn in Winters	

- D. Think and answer.
  - 1. Does the sheep feel pain when hair are removed from its body?
  - 2. How do raincoats help in keeping us dry?
  - 3. Help Neha to decide which dress she has to wear on which time of the day. Match and tell.



- 1. Neha has to go to school.
- 2. Neha has to go to wedding.
- 3. Neha has to go to bed.





(d)

- 4. Neha has to go for swimming.
- E. Answer the following.
  - 1. Name any two natural and two man made fibres.
  - 2. What is silk thread used for?
  - 3. What do we do with the hair of sheep?



Class: 2<sup>nd</sup>

Subject: EVS

Q1. Write the correct words under each picture. Use the word box.



Q2. Draw and colour the picture of a day you like the best.

Q3. Circle what is wrong in these pictures. Name the season and colour the pictures.







Class: 2<sup>nd</sup>

Subject: EVS

Quiz Time

Fill in the blanks to find out the material used to make the things in the pictures and complete the crossword.

Down



Across

2. c\_\_\_t\_\_\_

4.1 a







People in different countries wear different kinds of clothes.

Colour the different costumes.





Baju Kurung and Babu Melayu from Malaysia

Kilt from Scotland



Kimono from Japan

Thobe and Abaya from Saudi

Arabia



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### **REVISION WORKSHEET: COMPUTER**

NAME:\_\_\_\_\_

CLASS: 2()

**Q:1.**Answer the following:







~
- STORE
AND INMA SHE
C POBLIC

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### **REVISION WORKSHEET: COMPUTER**

NAME:	DATE:
CLASS: 2( )	ROLL NO.:
Q:1.Answer the following: 1.Control bar is present at 2.To quit the current activity and returns to the main menu	
3.Key combination used to toggle full screen mode in Gcompris	
<ul><li>4.Main screen of Gcompris</li><li>consists of how many bars</li><li>5.Key combination used to hide</li></ul>	
the control bar. 6. The complex star around the	
activity means it is designed for ag	ge group



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### **REVISION WORKSHEET: COMPUTER**

NAME:

CLASS: 2( )

DATE:\_\_\_\_\_

ROLL NO.:\_\_\_\_\_

### **Q:1.** Answer the following:

1. What is a title bar?

Ans:\_\_\_\_\_

### 2.What are the two parts of the Gcompris main screen?

Ans:\_\_\_\_\_

**3.**Give the shortcut keys of the following:

a) Redo \_\_\_\_\_\_ b) Open \_\_\_\_\_\_ c) Bold \_\_\_\_\_\_ d) Italic \_\_\_\_\_\_ e)Undo \_\_\_\_\_\_